

CODATA RECOMMENDED VALUES OF THE FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS: 2010

NIST SP 961 (Dec/2012) Values from: P. J. Mohr, B. N. Taylor, and D. B. Newell, Rev. Mod. Phys. **84**, 1527 (2012) and J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data **41**, 043109 (2012).

A more extensive listing of constants is available in the above references and on the NIST Physical Measurement Laboratory Web site physics.nist.gov/constants.

The number in parentheses is the one-standard-deviation uncertainty in the last two digits of the given value.

Quantity	Symbol	Numerical value	Unit	Quantity	Symbol	Numerical value	Unit
speed of light in vacuum	c, c_0	299 792 458 (exact)	m s^{-1}	muon g -factor $-2(1 + a_\mu)$	g_μ	$-2.002\,331\,8418(13)$	
magnetic constant	μ_0	$4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ (exact)	N A^{-2}	muon-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_μ/μ_p	$-3.183\,345\,107(84)$	
		$= 12.566\,370\,614\dots \times 10^{-7}$	N A^{-2}	proton mass	m_p	$1.672\,621\,777(74) \times 10^{-27}$	kg
electric constant $1/\mu_0 c^2$	ϵ_0	$8.854\,187\,817\dots \times 10^{-12}$	F m^{-1}	in u		$1.007\,276\,466\,812(90)$	u
Newtonian constant of gravitation	G	$6.673\,84(80) \times 10^{-11}$	$\text{m}^3 \text{kg}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2}$	energy equivalent in MeV	$m_p c^2$	$938.272\,046(21)$	MeV
Planck constant	h	$6.626\,069\,57(29) \times 10^{-34}$	J s	proton-electron mass ratio	m_p/m_e	$1836.152\,672\,45(75)$	
in eV s		$4.135\,667\,516(91) \times 10^{-15}$	eV s	proton magnetic moment	μ_p	$1.410\,606\,743(33) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹
$h/2\pi$	\hbar	$1.054\,571\,726(47) \times 10^{-34}$	J s	to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_p/μ_N	$2.792\,847\,356(23)$	
in eV s		$6.582\,119\,28(15) \times 10^{-16}$	eV s	proton magnetic shielding correction $1 - \mu'_p/\mu_p$	σ'_p	$25.694(14) \times 10^{-6}$	
elementary charge	e	$1.602\,176\,565(35) \times 10^{-19}$	C	(H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)			
magnetic flux quantum $h/2e$	Φ_0	$2.067\,833\,758(46) \times 10^{-15}$	Wb	proton gyromagnetic ratio $2\mu_p/\hbar$	γ_p	$2.675\,222\,005(63) \times 10^8$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$
Josephson constant $2e/h$	K_J	$483\,597.870(11) \times 10^9$	Hz V^{-1}	$\gamma_p/2\pi$		$42.577\,4806(10)$	MHz T ⁻¹
von Klitzing constant $h/e^2 = \mu_0 c/2\alpha$	R_K	$25\,812.807\,4434(84)$	Ω	shielded proton gyromagnetic ratio $2\mu'_p/\hbar$	γ'_p	$2.675\,153\,268(66) \times 10^8$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$
Bohr magneton $e\hbar/2m_e$	μ_B	$927.400\,968(20) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	(H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)			
in eV T ⁻¹		$5.788\,381\,8066(38) \times 10^{-5}$	eV T ⁻¹	neutron mass in u	m_n	$1.008\,664\,916\,00(43)$	u
nuclear magneton $e\hbar/2m_p$	μ_N	$5.050\,783\,53(11) \times 10^{-27}$	J T ⁻¹	energy equivalent in MeV	$m_n c^2$	$939.565\,379(21)$	MeV
in eV T ⁻¹		$3.152\,451\,2605(22) \times 10^{-8}$	eV T ⁻¹	neutron-proton mass ratio	m_n/m_p	$1.001\,378\,419\,17(45)$	
fine-structure constant $e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar c$	α	$7.297\,352\,5698(24) \times 10^{-3}$		neutron magnetic moment	μ_n	$-0.966\,236\,47(23) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹
inverse fine-structure constant	α^{-1}	$137.035\,999\,074(44)$		to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_n/μ_N	$-1.913\,042\,72(45)$	
Rydberg constant $\alpha^2 m_e c/2h$	R_∞	$10\,973\,731.568\,539(55)$	m^{-1}	deuteron mass in u	m_d	$2.013\,553\,212\,712(77)$	u
	$R_\infty c$	$3.289\,841\,960\,364(17) \times 10^{15}$	Hz	energy equivalent in MeV	$m_d c^2$	$1875.612\,859(41)$	MeV
energy equivalent in eV	$R_\infty \hbar c$	$13.605\,692\,53(30)$	eV	deuteron-proton mass ratio	m_d/m_p	$1.999\,007\,500\,97(18)$	
Bohr radius $\alpha/4\pi R_\infty = 4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar^2/m_e e^2$	a_0	$0.529\,177\,210\,92(17) \times 10^{-10}$	m	deuteron magnetic moment	μ_d	$0.433\,073\,489(10) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹
Hartree energy $e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0 a_0 = 2R_\infty \hbar c = \alpha^2 m_e c^2$	E_h	$4.359\,744\,34(19) \times 10^{-18}$	J	to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_d/μ_N	$0.857\,438\,2308(72)$	
in eV		$27.211\,385\,05(60)$	eV	helion (³ He nucleus) mass in u	m_h	$3.014\,932\,2468(25)$	u
electron mass	m_e	$9.109\,382\,91(40) \times 10^{-31}$	kg	energy equivalent in MeV	$m_h c^2$	$2808.391\,482(62)$	MeV
in u		$5.485\,799\,0946(22) \times 10^{-4}$	u	shielded helion magnetic moment	μ'_h	$-1.074\,553\,044(27) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_e c^2$	$0.510\,998\,928(11)$	MeV	(gas, sphere, 25 °C)			
electron-muon mass ratio	m_e/m_μ	$4.836\,331\,66(12) \times 10^{-3}$		to Bohr magneton ratio	μ'_h/μ_B	$-1.158\,671\,471(14) \times 10^{-3}$	
electron-proton mass ratio	m_e/m_p	$5.446\,170\,2178(22) \times 10^{-4}$		to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_h/μ_N	$-2.127\,497\,718(25)$	
electron charge to mass quotient	$-e/m_e$	$-1.758\,820\,088(39) \times 10^{11}$	C kg ⁻¹	alpha particle mass in u	m_α	$4.001\,506\,179\,125(62)$	u
Compton wavelength $h/m_e c$	λ_C	$2.426\,310\,2389(16) \times 10^{-12}$	m	energy equivalent in MeV	$m_\alpha c^2$	$3727.379\,240(82)$	MeV
$\lambda_C/2\pi = \alpha a_0 = \alpha^2/4\pi R_\infty$	λ_C	$386.159\,268\,00(25) \times 10^{-15}$	m	Avogadro constant	N_A, L	$6.022\,141\,29(27) \times 10^{23}$	mol ⁻¹
classical electron radius $\alpha^2 a_0$	r_e	$2.817\,940\,3267(27) \times 10^{-15}$	m	atomic mass constant $\frac{1}{12}m(^{12}\text{C}) = 1 \text{ u}$	m_u	$1.660\,538\,921(73) \times 10^{-27}$	kg
Thomson cross section $(8\pi/3)r_e^2$	σ_e	$0.665\,245\,8734(13) \times 10^{-28}$	m ²	energy equivalent in MeV	$m_u c^2$	$931.494\,061(21)$	MeV
electron magnetic moment	μ_e	$-928.476\,430(21) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	Faraday constant $N_A e$	F	$96\,485.3365(21)$	C mol ⁻¹
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_e/μ_B	$-1.001\,159\,652\,180\,76(27)$		molar gas constant	R	$8.314\,4621(75)$	J mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_e/μ_N	$-1838.281\,970\,90(75)$		Boltzmann constant R/N_A	k	$1.380\,6488(13) \times 10^{-23}$	J K ⁻¹
electron magnetic moment anomaly $ \mu_e /\mu_B - 1$	a_e	$1.159\,652\,180\,76(27) \times 10^{-3}$		in eV K ⁻¹		$8.617\,3324(78) \times 10^{-5}$	eV K ⁻¹
electron g -factor $-2(1 + a_e)$	g_e	$-2.002\,319\,304\,361\,53(53)$		molar volume of ideal gas RT/p	V_m	$22.413\,968(20) \times 10^{-3}$	m ³ mol ⁻¹
electron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_p	$-658.210\,6848(54)$		($T = 273.15 \text{ K}, p = 101.325 \text{ kPa}$)			
muon mass in u	m_μ	$0.113\,428\,9267(29)$	u	Stefan-Boltzmann constant $\pi^2 k^4/60\hbar^3 c^2$	σ	$5.670\,373(21) \times 10^{-8}$	W m ⁻² K ⁻⁴
energy equivalent in MeV	$m_\mu c^2$	$105.658\,3715(35)$	MeV	first radiation constant $2\pi\hbar c^2$	c_1	$3.741\,771\,53(17) \times 10^{-16}$	W m ²
muon-electron mass ratio	m_μ/m_e	$206.768\,2843(52)$		second radiation constant $\hbar c/k$	c_2	$1.438\,7770(13) \times 10^{-2}$	m K
muon magnetic moment	μ_μ	$-4.490\,448\,07(15) \times 10^{-26}$	J T ⁻¹	Wien displacement law constant			
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_μ/μ_B	$-4.841\,970\,44(12) \times 10^{-3}$		$b = \lambda_{\text{max}} T = c_2/4.965\,114\,231\dots$	b	$2.897\,7721(26) \times 10^{-3}$	m K
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_μ/μ_N	$-8.890\,596\,97(22)$		Cu x unit: $\lambda(\text{Cu K}\alpha_1)/1\,537.400$	$xu(\text{Cu K}\alpha_1)$	$1.002\,076\,97(28) \times 10^{-13}$	m
muon magnetic moment anomaly				Mo x unit: $\lambda(\text{Mo K}\alpha_1)/707.831$	$xu(\text{Mo K}\alpha_1)$	$1.002\,099\,52(53) \times 10^{-13}$	m
$ \mu_\mu /(e\hbar/2m_\mu) - 1$	a_μ	$1.165\,920\,91(63) \times 10^{-3}$					
Energy equivalents							
$(1 \text{ m}^{-1})c = 299\,792\,458 \text{ Hz}$	$(1 \text{ Hz})h/k = 4.799\,2434(44) \times 10^{-11} \text{ K}$	$(1 \text{ J}) = 6.241\,509\,34(14) \times 10^{18} \text{ eV}$	$(1 \text{ eV})/c^2 = 1.073\,544\,150(24) \times 10^{-9} \text{ u}$				
$(1 \text{ m}^{-1})\hbar c/k = 1.438\,7770(13) \times 10^{-2} \text{ K}$	$(1 \text{ Hz})h = 4.135\,667\,516(91) \times 10^{-15} \text{ eV}$	$(1 \text{ eV}) = 1.602\,176\,565(35) \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$	$(1 \text{ kg}) = 6.022\,141\,29(27) \times 10^{26} \text{ u}$				
$(1 \text{ m}^{-1})\hbar c = 1.239\,841\,930(27) \times 10^{-6} \text{ eV}$	$(1 \text{ K})k/\hbar c = 69.503\,476(63) \text{ m}^{-1}$	$(1 \text{ eV})/\hbar c = 8.065\,544\,29(18) \times 10^5 \text{ m}^{-1}$	$(1 \text{ u}) = 1.660\,538\,921(73) \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$				
$(1 \text{ m}^{-1})h/c = 1.331\,025\,051\,20(94) \times 10^{-15} \text{ u}$	$(1 \text{ K})/h = 2.083\,6618(19) \times 10^{10} \text{ Hz}$	$(1 \text{ eV})/h = 2.417\,989\,348(53) \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$	$(1 \text{ u})c/h = 7.513\,006\,6042(53) \times 10^{14} \text{ m}^{-1}$				
$(1 \text{ Hz})/c = 3.335\,640\,951\dots \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^{-1}$	$(1 \text{ K})k = 8.617\,3324(78) \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}$	$(1 \text{ eV})/k = 1.160\,4519(11) \times 10^4 \text{ K}$	$(1 \text{ u})c^2 = 931.494\,061(21) \times 10^6 \text{ eV}$				